Student Asthma/Allergy Action Plan

(This Page To Be Completed By Health Care Provider)

Student Name:	Date Of Birth:/	
☐ Exercise Pre-Treatment: Administer inhaler (2 inhalati	(MONTH) (DAY) (YEAR) Ons.) 15.30 minutes prior to exercise (e.g. PF recess etc.)	
,,	☐ Use inhaler with valved holding chamber ☐ Other:	
Asthma Treatment	Anaphylaxis Treatment Give epinephrine when student has allergy symptoms,	
Give quick relief medication when student has asthma symptoms, such as coughing, wheezing or tight chest.	such as hives, hard to breathe (chest or neck "sucking in"), lips or fingernails turning blue, or trouble talking (shortness	
☐ Albuterol HFA (Proventil, Ventolin, ProAir) 2 inhalations ☐ Albuterol DPI (ProAir RespiClick) 2 inhalations	of breath). □ EpiPen® 0.3 mg □ EpiPen® Jr 0.15 mg	
☐ Levalbuterol (Xopenex HFA) 2 inhalations	☐ AUVI-Q® 0.3 mg ☐ AUVI-Q® Jr. 0.15 mg	
☐ Use inhaler with valved holding chamber☐ Albuterol inhaled by nebulize ® (Proventil, Ventolin,	Other:	
AccuNeb) ☐ .63 mg/3 mL ☐ 1.25 mg/3 mL ☐ 2.5 mg/3 ml	May carry & self-administer epi auto-injector	
□ Levalbuterol inhaled by nebulizer (Xopenex) □ 0.31 mg/3 mL □ 0.63 mg/3 mL □ 1.25 mg/3 mL □ May carry & self-administer inhaler (MDI) □ Other: □ Closely Watch the Student after Giving Quick Relief Medication If, after 10 minutes: • Symptoms are better, student may return to classroom after notifying parent/guardian • Symptoms are not better, give the treatment again and notify parent/guardian right away • If student continues to get worse, CALL 911 and use the Nebraska Schools' Emergency	 Use epinephrine auto-injector immediately upon exposure to known allergen If symptoms do not improve or they return, epinephrine can be repeated after 5 minutes or more Lay person flat on back and raise legs. If vomiting or difficulty breathing, let them lie on their side. CALL 911 After Giving Epinephrine & Closely Watch the Student Notify parent/guardian immediately Even if student gets better, the student should be watched for more signs/symptoms of anaphylaxis in an emergency facility If student does not get better or continues to get worse, use the Nebraska Schools' 	
Response to Life-Threatening Asthma or Systemic Allergic Reactions (Anaphylaxis) Protocol	Emergency Response to Life-Threatening Asthma or Systemic Allergic Reactions (Anaphylaxis) Protocol	
☐ This Student has the ability to self-manage Student's Health Condi Plan. If medications are self-administered, the school staff <u>must</u> be no		
Additional information: (i.e. asthma triggers, allergens)	,	
Health Care Provider name: (please print)	Phone:	
Health Care Provider signature:	Date:	
Parent signature:	Date:	
Reviewed by school nurse/nurse designee:	Date:	

Student Asthma/Allergy Action Plan

(This Page To Be Completed By Parent/Guardian)

Student Name:		Age:	Grade:	
School:		Homeroom Teacher:		
Parent/Guardian:	Phone()	()	
Parent//Guardian:			()	
Emergency Contact:		•	()	
Known Asthma Triggers: Please check the boxes to	o identify what can	cause an asthma epis	ode for your student.	
 □ Exercise □ Respiratory/viral infections □ Pollens □ Animals/dander □ Temperature/weather—humidity, cold air, etc. □ Other—please list: 		mites	Mold/mildew Grasses/trees Food—please list below	
Known Allergy/Intolerance: Please check those wh contact with the allergen	ich apply and descr	ibe what happens wh	en your child eats or comes into	>
Peanuts Tree Nuts Fish/shellfish Eggs Soy Wheat Milk Medication Latex Insect stings Other Notice: If your child has been prescribed epinephrine (suc your student needs a special diet to limit or avoid foods, y. Request Special Meals and/or Accommodations" which can be	h as an EpiPen®) fo	or an allergy, you mus	st provide epinephrine at school. rm "Medical Statement Form to	lf
Medicines: Please list medicines used at home and/or t Medicine Name Ame			When does it need to be gi	ven
		;		
I understand that all medicines to be given	en at school m	ust be provided		
Parent signature:			Date:	
Reviewed by school nurse/nurse designee:			Date: Version: 06/	17